Sl. No.	Name of the State	Part A*	Part B*	Total
20.	Tamil Nadu	5081	28	5109
21.	Tripura		No Registration so far	
22.	Uttar Pradesh	1298	465	1763
23.	West Bengal	1049	490	1539
24.	Goa	416	1	417
Union Territories:				
25.	Andaman & Nicobar	7	Nil	7
26.	Chandigarh	107	Nil	107
27.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli		No Registration so far	
28.	Delhi	748	282	1030
29.	Lakshadweep Island		No Registration so far	
30.	Mizoram		No Registration so far	
31.	Pondicherry	6	219	225
	TOTAL:	49913	3862	53775

Fluorosis in M.P.

†550. SHRI P.K. MAHESHWARI: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that fluorosis is spreading rapidly in some districts of Madhya Pradesh due to excess fluoride in water;

(b) if so, the comprehensive details thereof;

(c) whether Government have any record of affected villages; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) to (d) Based on the UNICEF Report of 1999 on fluorine content of the drinking water in the country, fluorsis is a problem in 19 States including the State of Madhya Pradesh. 14 districts of Madhya Pradesh were reported to be affected by fluorosis, *viz.*, Shivpuri, Jhabua, Mandla, Dindori, Chhindwara, Dhar, Vidisha, Seoni, Sehore, Raisen, Mandsore, Neemuch, Ujjain and Gwalior. National Institute of Communicable Diseases and Indian Council of Medical Research have reported that two more districts namely, Jabalpur and Narsingpur have also been found endemic for fluorosis.

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

The UNICEF Report further indicated that there were 1686 villages/ habitations in the State of Madhya Pradesh having excess fluoride in the drinking water.

Recruitment of Psychiatrists

551. SHRI N.R. GOVINDRAJAR: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that approximately six crore people in our country are suffering from one mental ailment or the other and only limited psychiatrists are there in the country for the treatment of these diseases; and

(b) if so, the details thereof and the steps taken by Government to recruit more psychiatrists?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRIMATI PANABAKA LAKSHMI): (a) and (b) It is estimated that 5% of the population suffers from various psychological disorders such as depression, neurotics, stress related and adjustment disorders. About 1% of the population suffers from serious mental disorders such as psychotic disorders and 0.5% of the population may be in need of active treatment for serious mental disorders. There are over 3000 qualified psychiatrists, 500 clinical psychologists, 300 psychiatric social workers and about 600 trained psychiatric nurses in the country.

The efforts of the Government now are to diagnose the mentally ill patients at the early stage and treat them through the general health delivery system. For this purpose under the National Mental Health Programme, the General Duty Medical Officers are given short-term training in the field of psychiatry for handling cases of mental illness.

AIDS control through awareness

552. SHRI B.J. PANDA: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that over five million of our people were HIV

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.